## **Lab 4 Introduction to Matlab**

### I. Lab Assignments

### Part A: Review of Numerical Computations

- 1. Use a <u>single</u> Matlab command to create a vector consisting of all the EVEN numbers between 7 and 101. Use a Matlab command to find out the number of elements in the vector.
- 2. Create the following matrices:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 & 7 \\ 8 & 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 6 \\ 2 & 3 & 8 \\ 7 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- a) Use a <u>single</u> Matlab command, find the sums of all the elements on the same row of A.
- b) Use a <u>single Matlab</u> command, find the summation of the elements on the  $2^{nd}$  row of A.
- c) Use a single Matlab command, find the product of the elements on the 1<sup>st</sup> column of B.
- d) Use a for loop, find the summation of the diagonal elements of A.
- e) Find A.\*B and A\*B manually, and verify your results with Matlab.
- 3. Use Matlab to create a vector  $x = e^{-2t}$ , t = 0:0.1:10,
  - a) Add 5 to each element of x, and store the result in a vector.
  - b) Add 3 to only the ODD-index elements of x (e.g x(1), x(3), x(5)...), and store the result in a new vector y.
- 4. Load the matrix A stored in random\_matrix.mat (can be downloaded from course website).
  - a) Find the dimension (size) of the matrix.
  - b) Find the number of elements in A that is greater than 0.
  - c) Find the number of elements in the 2<sup>nd</sup> row of A that is greater than 0.
  - b) Find the summation of all the elements in A.
  - d) Find the summation of all the even-index element in the 3<sup>rd</sup> row of A.
- 5. Write a Matlab function y = rms(x) and save it in rms.m in your work folder. The input of the function is a vector x, the output of the function is a scalar y, which is the root mean square value of the elements in x. That is

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} x^2(n)}$$

Test your function with the input x = [1 5 2 3 8].

# Part B: Review of Symbolic Computations

- 6. Go through pages 43 47 of the L. Chaparro book (part of the Section 0.5.2 Soft Introduction to Matlab: Symbolic Computations). Practice all the examples given in the textbook.
- 7. Plot the following functions for x between 0 and 5
  - a)  $\exp(3x^2)$
  - b)  $\exp(-x)\cos(2\pi x)$
  - c) sinc(x)
  - d)  $sinc^2(x)$
- 8. Consider the function  $x \exp(3x^2)$ 
  - a) Find the differentiation

  - b) Find  $\int_0^3 x \exp(3x^2) dx$ c) Find  $\int_0^3 x \exp(3x^2) dx$

#### II. **Homework Assignments**

Part A: Review of Numerical Computations (please finish all the following problems with numerical computation)

- 1. Plot the following functions for -2 < t < 2, and save the results as jpeg files.
  - a)  $y = \cos(2\pi t)$
  - b)  $y = \cos(2\pi t + \pi/3)$
  - c)  $y = \begin{cases} e^{-2t}, & t \ge 0 \\ e^{5t}, & t < 0 \end{cases}$
  - d)  $v = e^{-|t|} \cos(2\pi t)$

Part B: Symbolic Computations (please finish the following problem with symbolic computation)

- 1. Consider the exponential function  $y = \exp(-ax)$ .
  - (a) Find dy/dx manually. Use Matlab to verify your calculation.
  - (b) Find  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-ax)dx$  manually. Use Matlab to verify your calculation.
  - (c) Plot y when a = 2;
  - (d) Plot y when a = 0.5.